EXHIBIT A

		COPY
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Nume, State Ba Pablo A. Almazan (SBN 274013); Trevor	rnumbor, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Almazan I Finneman	2. CHHENRII (9DN 7/912])	
445 S. Figueroa St., Suite 3100 Los Angeles, CA 90071		ENDORSED
TELEPHONE NO.: (310) 280-6767	FILED	
ATTORNEY FOR (Namo): Plaintiff Karma Quic superior court of California, County of A		TI AMEDA COLINEA,
STREET ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street	rameda	JUL 2 5 2019
MAILING ADDRESS: 1225 Fallon Street		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Oakland 94612 BRANCH NAME: Oakland - René C. D	Pavidson Courthouse	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
CASE NAME:		By Deputy
Karına Quick-Panwala v. Alameda	Unified School District, et al.	
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	HG 19028643
Unlimited Limited (Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder	
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defe	
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402 low must be completed (see instruction.	
Check one box below for the case type the	nt best describes this case:	s on page 2).
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3,400-3,403)
Uninsured motorist (46) Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Rule 3.740 collections (09) Other collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass fort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24) Medical malpractice (45)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14)	linsurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Business tort/unfair business practice (07	file and the second of the sec	Enforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08) Defametion (13)	Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31)	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	RICO (27) Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment Wrongful termination (36)	Petition re: arbitration award (11) Writ of mandate (02)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
2. This case is y is not com	plex under rule 3.400 of the California R	Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial mana	L/	
a. Large number of separately repreb. Extensive motion practice raising		er of witnesses
issues that will be time-consuming		n with related actions pending in one or more courts nties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of documenta		postjudgment judicial supervision
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a.	✓ monetary b. ✓ nonmonetary:	declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive
. Number of causes of action (specify): Fix		parimet
5. This case is V is not a clas		
6. If there are any known related cases, file a	nd serve a notice of related case. (You	may use form CM-015.)
Date: July 24, 2019 Trevor J. Finneman		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
- Digintiff must file this sever short with the f	NOTICE	
 Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the funder the Probate Code, Family Code, or to the Probate Code, or to the Probate Code, Family Code, or the Probate Code, Family Code, or to the Probate Code, or to the Probate Code, or the Pro	Welfare and Institutions Code), (Cal, Ru	iles of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
in sanctions. • File this cover sheet in addition to any cover		
If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et :	seq. of the California Rules of Court, vo	u must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
and the second control of the second control		
- Onless this is a collections case under fule	o.140 or a complex case, this cover sh	eet will be used for statistical purposes only.

SUM-100

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· (C)	SUMMONS ITACION JUDICIAL)	FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)
NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:	,	
(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):		ENDORSED
	CHOOL DISTRICT; and DOES 1 through 10,	FILED
Inclusive		Al AMEDA COLINE
YOU ARE BEING SUED BY (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO E	EL DEMANDANTE):	JUL 2 5 2019
KARMA QUICK-PANWA	ALA By	Roni Gill
		Deputy
below. You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS served on the plaintiff. A letter or phrase. There may be a court form the Online Self-Help Center (www.courtho court clerk for a fee walver form may be taken without further warning. There are other legal requirement referral service. If you cannot afford these nonprofit groups at the Califor (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfholp), or costs on any settlement or arbitratic (AVISOI Lo han domandado. Si no continuación. Tione 30 DIAS DE CALENDARIO corte y hacer que se entregue uma con formato legal correcto si dessa on formato legal correcto si dessa biblioteca de layos de su condado o que le dé un formulario de exonción podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y biete Hay otros requisitos legales. Es remisión a ahogados. Si no puede programa de servicios legales sin fie	nts. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not a settlement, you may be eligible for free legal services from a smia Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpealifornia.org), the C by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE on award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be responde dentro de 30 dins, la corte puede decklir on su continuous de dentro de 30 dins, la corte puede decklir on su continuous de dentro de 30 dins, la corte puede decklir on su continuous de que le entreguen este citación y papeles legales copia at demandante. Una carta o una flamada telefónica no lo que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un forma de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Co o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuo o de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, pue	proper legal form if you want the court to hear your as and more information at the California Courts to hear sour insend more information at the California Courts to hearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask to be default, and your wages, money, and property know an attorney, you may want to cell an attorney monprofit legal services program. You can locate California Courts Online Self-Help Center: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and at the path before the court will dismiss the case, as in escuchar su version. Lea la información a para presentar una respuesta por escrito tiene que estar prolegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar prolegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar prolegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar utario que ustad pueda usar para su respuesta, estes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la te de presentación, pida el secretario de la corte le conoce a un abogado, pueda tiamar a un servicio de para phaner servicios legales gratuitos de un en el silio web de California Legal Servíces,
cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 o pagar el gravamen de la corto antes he name and address of the cou	D: Por ley, la corto tiene derecho a reclamar las cuolas y los co ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión a de que la corto pueda desochor el caso. urt is;	de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que
	es): Alameda County Superior Court	HG 19028643
Oakland - René C. Davidso		
1225 Fallon Street, Oaklan		and the second second
ne name, adoress, and telephor El nombre, la dirección y el númi	ne number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an att ero de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del dem	iorney, is: Pandante que no tiene aboqedo. est:
Prevor Finneman; Almazai	n Finneman, 445 S Figueroa St, Ste 3100, Lo	s Angeles, CA 90071; 310.280.6767
DATE: JUL 2 5 201	Chad Finks (Songalaria)	, Deputy (Adjunto)
	Chad Finke (Secretario)	
	citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons,	
[SEAL]	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served	
, 2	as an individual defendant. as the person sued under the fictitious name of	(specify):
3	on behalf of (specify): Alameda Unif	ied School District
	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
	other (specify): CCP416.50 Public Entity by personal delivery on (date):	4
Form Adonted for Mondatory Use	RIMMANE	Page 1 of 1

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Pablo A. Almazan – SBN 274013 pablo.almazan@alfilaw.com Trevor J. Finneman – SBN 275131 trevor.finneman@alfilaw.com 445 South Figueroa Street, Suite 3100 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: (310) 280-6767 Facsimile: (323) 272-3315 Attorneys for Plaintiff KARMA QUICK-PANWALA	ENDORSED FILED AI AMEDA COLINITA JUL 2 5 2019 CLERK OF THE SUFERIOR COURT By Roping Call Deputy								
8	SUPERIOR COURT	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA								
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA									
10		TED JURISDICTION)								
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ria 2001 12 3001 12 3001	KARMA QUICK-PANWALA,) CASE NO.: HG 19028643								
rinneman a Street, Sui alifornia 90	Plaintiff,									
th Figuero Angeles, O	ν,) COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF								
Auroazan Finneman 445 South Figueroa Street, Suite 3100 Los Angeles, California 90071 9 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ALAMEDA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT; and DOES 1 through 10, Inclusive.) 1. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act [42 U.S.C. §12131, et seq.];								
17	Defendants.) 2. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act [29) U.S.C. § 794, et seq];								
18	Domaino.) 3. California Unruh Civil Rights Act,[Cal. Civ.								
19) Code 51, et seq.];) 4. California Disabled Persons Act [Cal. Civ.								
20		Code § 54.1, et seq.]; and California Government Code § 11135.								
21) DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL								
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Plaintiff KARMA QUICK-PANWALA alleges on information and belief as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. Plaintiff Karma Quick-Panwala ("Plaintiff") brings this action for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and damages against the Alameda Unified School District ("District" or "Defendant") and DOES 1-10, inclusive, for discrimination on the basis of disability, in violation of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12131 et seq. ("ADA"), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq. ("Section 504"), the federal regulations implementing the ADA and Section 504, and related California civil rights laws.
- 2. Plaintiff, who is severely hard of hearing, alleges that Defendant failed to provide her with effective communication by refusing to provide her with captioning services as a matter of policy and despite the fact that such services were necessary to ensure her equal access to Defendant's services, programs, and activities.
- 3. As a result of Defendant's acts and omissions, Plaintiff was unable to effectively participate in Individual Education Plan ("IEP") team meetings to which she was invited as both a participant and companion, and was denied full and equal access to Defendant's programs, services, and activities, and has been caused to experience difficulty, distress, discomfort, embarrassment, frustration, and inconvenience.
- 4. Until the Defendant's discriminatory policies are modified, Plaintiff will continue to be rendered unable to effectively communicate during IEP meetings to which she is invited as a participant and companion, will continue to be denied full and equal access to Defendant's programs, services, and activities, and will continue to be caused to experience difficulty, distress, discomfort, embarrassment, frustration, and inconvenience.
- 5. Through this lawsuit, Plaintiff seeks an injunction requiring that Defendant provide her with the auxiliary aids and services necessary to ensure she has effective communication during IEP meetings as required by law. Plaintiff also seeks compensation for her damages, payment of her attorneys' fees, and reimbursement of the costs and litigation expenses necessary to enforce her civil rights through this action.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. The acts and omissions that form the basis for the causes of actions in this complaint occurred in Alameda County, California. Both jurisdiction and venue thus properly lie with this Court. The amount in controversy exceeds this Court's jurisdictional minimum.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff Karma Quick-Panwala is severely hard of hearing. Plaintiff is, and at all times relevant herein was, a qualified individual with a "disability" as defined by the ADA and its implementing regulations (42 U.S.C. § 12102; 28 C.F.R. § 36.104) and California law (Cal. Gov. Code § 12926); and a "handicapped person" as defined under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and its implementing regulations (29 U.S.C. § 794 (incorporating by reference 29 U.S.C. § 705(9)); 45 C.F.R. § 84.3(J)).
- 8. Defendant Alameda Unified School District is a public school entity established pursuant to California law, with its primary offices located at 2060 Challenger Drive, Alameda, California 94501.
- 9. Plaintiff is currently unaware of the true names and identities of DOE Defendants 1 through 10 and therefore sues those Defendants by these fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend her complaint to allege the DOE Defendants' legal names and capacities as soon as such information is ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and, based thereon alleges, that at all times herein mentioned each and every Defendant was the agent, servant, employee, co-conspirator, and/or representative of each and every other Defendant and was, in doing the things complained of herein, acting within the scope of said agency, service, employment, conspiracy, and/or representation, and that each and every Defendant was acting within his/her actual or apparent authority with the full knowledge and consent of each other Defendant.

EXHUASTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

10. Plaintiff has exhausted her administrative remedies by timely filing government claims with Defendant pursuant to Section 910, et seq. of the California Government Code. This action was timely filed following the denial of Plaintiff's claims.

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FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 11. Plaintiff Karma Quick-Panwala is severely hard of hearing and wears two (2) digital hearings aids.
- 12. In a meeting setting, Plaintiff has significant difficulty understanding speech without utilizing Communication Accessed Realtime Translation ("CART") services. In meetings involving multiple participants, including IEP meetings, Plaintiff has significant difficulty understanding speech without utilizing CART services.
- 13. Plaintiff is a law school graduate and special education advocate. Plaintiff assists families with special education matters and assists families with children attending schools within Defendant's school district.
- 14. As a special education advocate, Plaintiff is frequently asked by parents to participate in IEP meetings as a member of the IEP team because of Plaintiff's knowledge and special expertise in the area of special education.
- 15. In light of Plaintiff's degree of hearing loss and the importance of timely and accurate communications in IEP settings, the accommodation required to provide Plaintiff with effective communication in IEP settings is CART services. CART services is also Plaintiff's preferred auxiliary aide and service for IEP meetings.
- 16. In the past, Plaintiff has used CART services during IEP meetings, including an IEP meeting with Defendant on or about May 24, 2018.
- Plaintiff's entitlement to CART services in an IEP setting has been repeatedly 17. acknowledged by various other school districts, including San Francisco Unified School District, Oakland Unified School District, Oakley Elementary Unified School District, Fremont Unified School District, Livermore Joint Unified School District, Pleasanton Unified School District, Lammersville Joint Unified School District, and Morgan Hill Unified School District. These school districts provide CART services to Plaintiff at IEP meetings as a matter of course.
- 18. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff represented "J.A.," a minor receiving special education services from Defendant. Because of Plaintiff's knowledge and special expertise in the

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area of special education, J.A.'s parents invited Plaintiff to participate in IEP meetings for J.A. with Defendant on May 24, 2018, September 20, 2018, and April 26, 2019.

- 19. As a participating member of J.A.'s IEP team, Defendant had an obligation to provide Plaintiff with auxiliary aids and services as needed to ensure she was provided effective communication during J.A.'s September 20, 2018 and April 26, 2019 IEP meetings.
- 20. As the special education advocate for J.A., Plaintiff was also an appropriate person for Defendant to communicate with during J.A.'s September 20, 2018 and April 26, 2019 IEP meetings.

September 20, 2018 IEP Meeting

- 21. In advance of J.A.'s September 20, 2018 IEP meeting, both J.A.'s mother and Plaintiff asked that Defendant provide Plaintiff with CART services during J.A.'s IEP meeting as a reasonable accommodation.
- 22. On September 10, 2018, Defendant's Senior Manager of Student Support, Joanne Murphy (at the direction of Victoria Forrester, Defendant's Director of Special Education), informed Plaintiff that Defendant would not provide CART because Plaintiff is "not a mandatory member of the IEP team."
- 23. That same day, Plaintiff reiterated her request for CART as a reasonable accommodation at J.A.'s IEP meeting on September 20, 2018. Plaintiff noted that, "due to the severity of my hearing loss, I will not be able to participate in the IEP meeting without the accommodation."
 - 24. Ms. Murphy again denied Plaintiff's accommodation request on September 11, 2018.
- 25. Defendant did not provide CART or any other auxiliary aid and service to ensure effective communication for Plaintiff at J.A.'s IEP meeting on September 20, 2018.
- 26. As a result of the denial of Plaintiff's accommodation requests, Plaintiff was denied effective communication during J.A.'s September 20, 2018 IEP meeting.
- 27. Defendant's acts and omissions as herein alleged have excluded and/or denied Plaintiff the benefit of and/or participation in the programs and activities offered by Defendant to other IEP team members.

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April 26, 2019 IEP Meeting

- 28. In advance of J.A.'s April 26, 2019 IEP meeting, both J.A.'s mother and Plaintiff asked that Defendant provide Plaintiff with CART services as a reasonable accommodation.
- 29. For example, on March 29, 2019, J.A.'s mother sent an email to Cory Spells, a special education instructor at Defendant's Maya Lin Elementary School, to schedule J.A.'s next IEP meeting. In that same email, J.A.'s mother also requested CART services for Plaintiff: "I'm going to need CART services for my Advocate so she can fully participate."
- 30. On April 9, 2019, J.A.'s mother again reiterated her request for CART services for Plaintiff in an email to Cory Spells. That same day, J.A.'s mother also emailed Joanne Murphy, Defendant's Senior Manager of Student Support, requesting CART services for Plaintiff yet again: "And I again request that the district follow the law and provide the necessary CART services."
- 31. In response, both Mr. Spells and Ms. Murphy indicated via email that Defendant would not provide CART for Plaintiff.
- 32. On April 24, 2019, Plaintiff reiterated her request for CART services in an email to Ms. Murphy and Victoria Forrester, Defendant's Director of Special Education.
- 33. In response. Ms. Forrester indicated that Defendant would provide CART services for Plaintiff at J.A.'s April 26, 2019 IEP meeting: "We are working to get CART services for you." To assist Defendant, Plaintiff then provided a list of CART providers.
- 34. Even though Ms. Forrester indicated Defendant would provide CART services for Plaintiff at J.A.'s IEP meeting on April 26, 2019, Defendant did not provide CART services or any other auxiliary aid and service. Moreover, Maya Lin's principal used her cell phone to call J.A.'s math teacher, who was not present, for updates on the student's progress during the IEP meeting. J.A.'s mother was forced to try to transcribe by hand what the math teacher was saying so that Plaintiff could try to follow the dialogue. However, the written discussion quickly outpaced J.A.'s mother's handwriting and Plaintiff was unable to meaningfully participate in the discussion.
- 35. As a result of Defendant's failure to provide a reasonable accommodation for Plaintiff on April 26, 2019, she was denied effective communication during J.A.'s April 26, 2019 IEP meeting. Defendant's acts and omissions as herein alleged have excluded and/or denied Plaintiff the

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benefit of and/or participation in the programs and activities offered by Defendant to other IEP team members.

Injury To Plaintiff And Right To Relief

- 36. Plaintiff intends to continue serving as J.A.'s special education advocate in future IEP meetings with Defendant and will request accommodations for any future IEP meetings from Defendant.
- 37. As a direct result of the above, Plaintiff suffered and continues to suffer difficulty, distress, frustration, embarrassment, inconvenience, humiliation, a loss of income, and a loss of civil rights.
- 38. As a result of Defendant's acts and omissions, described herein, Plaintiff has been, and will continue to be denied full and equal access to Defendant's services, programs, and activities solely by reason of her disability, in violation of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, and related California state civil rights laws.
- 39. Plaintiff has been, and will continue to be injured by Defendant's acts and omissions, and will continue to experience difficulty, distress, frustration, embarrassment, inconvenience, humiliation, a loss of income, and a loss of civil rights.
- As the communication access barriers and discriminatory policies and practices herein alleged are ongoing, they constitute a continuing violation of Plaintiff's rights, for which Defendant is liable.
- 41. Unless enjoined, Defendant will continue to engage in the unlawful acts and pattern and practice of discrimination described above. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law. Accordingly, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief.
- 42. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between the parties concerning their respective rights, duties, and obligations under Federal and State law. Accordingly, Plaintiff is entitled to declaratory relief.

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CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act [U.S.C. §12131, et seq.]

- 43. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 44. Title II of the ADA prohibits a public entity from excluding a person with a disability from participating in, or denying the benefits of, the goods, services, programs and activities of the entity or otherwise discriminating against a person on the basis of disability. 42 U.S.C. § 12132.
- 45. As part of their obligations under Title II, public entities are required to take appropriate steps to ensure that communications with applicants, participants, members of the public, and companions with disabilities are as effective as communications with others. 28 C.F.R. § 35.160(a)(1).
- 46. The term "companion" is defined in the regulations as meaning "a family member, friend, or associate of an individual seeking access to a service, program, or activity of a public entity, who, along with such individual, is an appropriate person with whom the public entity should communicate." 28 C.F.R. § 35.160 (a)(2).
 - 47. Defendant is a "public entity" pursuant to the ADA. 42 U.S.C. §12131(1)(B).
 - 48. IEP meetings are a program, service, or activity of Defendant.
- 49. As an individual with disabilities and invited participant on J.A.'s IEP team, Plaintiff is entitled to effective communication from Defendant during J.A.'s IEP meetings.
- 50. Plaintiff qualifies as a "companion" with a disability entitled to auxiliary aids and services from Defendant during J.A.'s IEP meetings. As a special education advocate attending J.A.'s IEP meetings at J.A.'s parent's request, Plaintiff is an appropriate person with whom Defendant should communicate.
- 51. Defendant's acts and omissions as herein alleged have excluded and/or denied Plaintiff the benefit of and/or participation in the programs and activities offered by Defendant, in violation of Title II and its implementing regulations. Defendant's discriminatory conduct includes, inter alia:

- a. Denying Plaintiff the opportunity to participate in or benefit from the aids, benefits, or services offered by Defendant to IEP team members on the basis of her disability (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(1)(i));
- b. Affording Plaintiff an opportunity to participate in or benefit from the aids, benefits, or services offered by Defendant to IEP team members that is not equal to that afforded her non-disabled peers (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(1)(ii));
- c. Providing Plaintiff with an aid, benefit, or service that is not as effective in affording equal opportunity to obtain the same result, to gain the same benefit, or to reach the same level of achievement as that provided to others (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(1)(iii));
- d. Otherwise limiting Plaintiff in the enjoyment of any right, privilege, advantage, or opportunity enjoyed by others receiving the aids, benefits, or services offered by Defendant to IEP team members (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(1)(vii));
- e. Utilizing methods of administration that have the effect of subjecting Plaintiff to discrimination on the basis of disability (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(3)(i));
- f. Failing to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures where necessary to avoid discrimination on the basis of disability (28 C.F.R. § 35.130(b)(7));
- g. Failing to take appropriate steps to ensure that communications with Plaintiff are as effective as communications with other IEP team members (28 C.F.R. § 35.160(a)(1));
- h. Failing to furnish appropriate auxiliary aids and services where necessary to afford Plaintiff an equal opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, a service, program, or activity offered by Defendant to IEP team members (28 C.F.R. § 35.160(b)(1)); and
- i. Failing to give primary consideration to the auxiliary aid requested by Plaintiff (28 C.F.R. § 35.160(b)(2)).

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- 52. Defendant's duties under the ADA are mandatory and long-established. Defendant is deemed to have had knowledge of its duties at all times relevant herein; its failure to carry out said duties was willful and knowing and/or the product of deliberate indifference.
- Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 12133 and 42 U.S.C. § 12205, Plaintiff is entitled to 53. injunctive relief, compensatory damages, attorneys' fees, and costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act [29 U.S.C. § 794, et seq.]

- 54. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 55. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act provides that "no otherwise qualified individual with a disability in the United States . . . shall, solely by reason of his or her disability, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance." 29 U.S.C. § 794(a); 34 C.F.R. § 104.4(a).
- 56. Defendant is a "program or activity" that receives "federal financial assistance" in the form of federal grants and loans, pursuant to 34 C.F.R. §§ 104.3(f), (h) and (k).
- 57. Defendant's acts and omissions as herein alleged have excluded and/or denied Plaintiff the benefit of and/or participation in the programs and activities offered by Defendant to IEP team members, in violation of Section 504 and its implementing regulations. Defendant's discriminatory conduct includes, inter alia:
 - a. Denying Plaintiff the opportunity to participate in or benefit from the aids, benefits, or services offered by Defendant to IEP team members (34 C.F.R. § 104.4(b)(1)(i);
 - b. Affording Plaintiff an opportunity to participate in or benefit from the aids, benefits, or services offered by Defendant to IEP team members that is not equal to that afforded her non-disabled peers (34 C.F.R. § 104.4(b)(1)(ii));
 - c. Providing Plaintiff with aids, benefits, or services that are not as effective as that provided other IEP team members (34 C.F.R. § 104.4(b)(1)(iii)); and

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d.	Oth	erwise limiting	Plaintiff	in the	enjoyi	ment	of the 1	rights, privi	leges,	advantag	e,
	or	opportunities	enjoyed	by	other	IEP	team	members	(34	C.F.R.	3
	104	4(b)(1)(vii)).									

- 58. Defendant's duties under the Section 504 are mandatory and long-established. Defendant is deemed to have had knowledge of its duties at all times relevant herein; its failure to carry out said duties was willful and knowing and/or the product of deliberate indifference.
- 59. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 794a, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief, compensatory damages, attorneys' fees, and costs.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of Unruh Civil Rights Act [Cal. Civ. Code § 51, et seq.]

- 60. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 61. Defendant, and each school within the District, including Maya Lin Elementary School, is a business establishment for purposes of the Unruh Civil Rights Act.
- 62. The Unruh Civil Rights Act guarantees, *inter alia*, that persons with disabilities "are entitled to full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business establishments of every kind whatsoever" within the jurisdiction of the State of California. Cal. Civ. Code § 51(b).
- 63. The Unruh Civil Rights Act further provides that a violation of the ADA is a violation of the Unruh Civil Rights Act. Cal. Civ. Code § 51(f).
- 64. The acts and omissions of Defendant, which include the acts and omissions of Defendant's school officials and employees, violated Plaintiff's rights under the Unruh Civil Rights Act by discriminating against Plaintiff on the basis of her disability.
- 65. Defendant has violated the Unruh Act by, *inter alia*, denying, or aiding or inciting the denial of, Plaintiff's rights to full and equal use of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services offered by Defendant.
- 66. Defendant has also violated the Unruh Act by denying, or aiding or inciting the denial of, Plaintiff's rights to equal access arising from the provisions of the ADA.

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67.	Defendant's	duties	under	the	Unruh	Act	are	mandatory	and	long	-establis	shed
Defendant i	is deemed to ha	ve had l	knowled	dge o	of its du	ties at	t all	times releva	nt he	rein.	Defend	lant'
ailure to carry out these duties as set forth herein was willful and knowing and/or the product of												
eliberate indifference, warranting an award of treble damages.												

- 68. Pursuant to the remedies, procedures, and rights set forth in Cal. Civ. Code § 52, Plaintiff prays for judgment as set forth below.
- 69. Plaintiff requests judgment in her favor against Defendant as set forth in the Prayer for Relief.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of Disabled Persons Act [Cal. Civ. Code § 54, et seq.] for statutory damages and attorneys' fees only

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs. 70.
- 71. Defendant, and each school within the District, including Maya Lin Elementary School, is a place of public accommodation for purposes of the Disabled Persons Act.
- 72. The Disabled Persons Act provides that "Individuals with disabilities shall be entitled to full and equal access, as other members of the general public, to accommodations, advantages, facilities . . . and privileges of all . . . places of public accommodation." Cal. Civ. Code § 54.1(a)(1).
- 73. The Disabled Persons Act further provides that a violation of the ADA is a violation of the Disabled Persons Act. Cal. Civ. Code § 54.1(d).
- 74. The acts and omissions of Defendant, which include the acts and omissions of its school officials and employees, violated Plaintiff's rights under the Disabled Persons Act by discriminating against Plaintiff on the basis of her disability.
- 75. Defendant's acts and omissions, described herein, violate the rights of Plaintiff under the Disabled Persons Act. Defendants have also violated the Disabled Persons Act by denying, or aiding or inciting the denial of, Plaintiff's rights to equal access arising from the provisions of the ADA.
- 76. Defendant's duties under the Disabled Persons Act are mandatory and longestablished. Defendant is deemed to have had knowledge of its duties at all times relevant herein.

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Defendant's failure to carry out these duties as set forth herein was willful and knowing and/or the product of deliberate indifference, warranting an award of treble damages.

77. Pursuant to the remedies, procedures, and rights set forth in Cal. Civ. Code § 54.3(a), Plaintiff prays for statutory damages and attorneys' fees under Cal. Civ. Code § 54.3(a).

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of California Government Code § 11135

- 78. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.
- 79. Defendant is a state agency for purposes of Government Code Section 11135.
- 80. Defendant, and each school within the District, including its Maya Lin Elementary School, is a public entity that receives state financial assistance.
- 81. California Government Code Section 11135 provides that "No person in the State of California shall, on the basis of . . . disability, be unlawfully denied full and equal access to the benefits of, or be unlawfully subjected to discrimination under, any program or activity that is conducted, operated, or administered by the state or by any state agency, is funded directly by the state, or receives any financial assistance from the state." Cal. Govt. Code § 11135.
- 82. The acts and omissions of Defendant violated Plaintiff's rights under Government Code Section 11135 by discriminating against Plaintiff on the basis of her disability. Defendant's failure to furnish CART services for Plaintiff deprived Plaintiff of full and equal access to the to the programs, activities, and opportunities offered by Defendant.
- 83. Plaintiff requests judgment in her favor against Defendant as set forth in the Prayer for Relief.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in her favor against Defendant and award the following relief:

- 1. Declare that Defendant's acts and omissions, herein described, discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of the ADA and Section 504;
 - 2. Issue an injunction ordering Defendant to:
 - a. Provide Plaintiff with CART services during IEP meetings;

Case 3:19-cv-05434-EMC Document 1-1 Filed 08/29/19 Page 17 of 17